APPENDIX B SURVEY

RESPONDING TO EBOLA TEACHER QUESTIONNAIRE

Thank you for agreeing to complete the questionnaire. Your responses are important whether or not you addressed Ebola in your science instruction. Please complete the entire questionnaire even if you did not teach about Ebola.

1.	How many science classes do you teach this school year (2014–15)? If you teach the same group of students all day (you have a self-contained classroom), please enter 1.
2.	During the 2014–15 school year, did you devote any class time to Ebola (e.g., class discussion, formal lesson, student presentation, current event coverage)? (select one)
	Yes No, skip to Question 14
3.	Did you devote any class time to Ebola in <i>more than one</i> of your science classes? (selectione)
	Yes No
I f	ves, please answer the following questions for the one class that <u>best represents</u> how you

addressed Ebola with your students.

4.	What grade levels are included in the class you are answering about? (select all that apply)
5.	K 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Which of the following best describes the content focus of the class you are answering about? (select one)
	Earth science (e.g., geology, astronomy, meteorology, oceanography) Life science (e.g., biology, ecology, anatomy and physiology) Physical science (e.g., chemistry, physics) Environmental science General science Integrated science Other (please specify):

6.	About how many sessions in this class devoted any time to Ebola? (select one)
	\circ 1
	\circ 2
	° 3
	° 4
	° 5
	6
	° 7
	° 9 ° 10
	© >10
8.	Did you use Ebola to address topics you are responsible for teaching in this class (e.g., characteristics of viruses; spread, treatment, and prevention of disease)? Yes
	C No
9.	Did you address Ebola as a stand-alone topic, unrelated to the rest of your science curriculum (e.g., a current event topic outside of the specified curriculum of this class)?
	° Yes
	^C No
10	Did your students ask questions about Ebola before you began addressing it in this class?
	C Yes
	No, skip to Question 12

11.		uld you have addressed Ebola in this class if your students had not asked questions out it?
	0	Yes No
12.		ich of the following took place when Ebola was addressed in this class? (select all tapply)
		I lectured or gave a presentation about Ebola.
		I led a whole class discussion about Ebola.
		I answered questions about Ebola asked by students.
		Small groups discussed about Ebola.
		Students read about Ebola.
		Students did a hands-on activity or laboratory investigation.
		Students did a worksheet or answered written questions about Ebola.
		A student (or students) gave a presentation about Ebola.
		A guest speaker talked about Ebola.
		Students watched a video about Ebola.
		Students searched the Internet for information or current events related to Ebola. Other:

13. In addressing Ebola in this class, which of the following topics were covered? (select all that apply)

What Ebola is (e.g., Ebola is a virus)
How Ebola is transmitted to humans from other animals
How Ebola is transmitted among humans
Ways to prevent Ebola transmission
Factors that place people at risk for contracting Ebola
Symptoms of Ebola in humans
How Ebola is diagnosed
How Ebola is treated
Survival rates of Ebola victims
Where Ebola originated (i.e., what part of the world)
History of Ebola (e.g., first discovered in the 1970s)
Likelihood of a widespread Ebola outbreak in the United States
Common misconceptions about Ebola
Other:

14. Please rate the influence of each of the following factors on your decision of whether to address Ebola in this class. (select one on each line)

	Discouraged me from addressing Ebola with my students	Not a Factor	Encouraged me to address Ebola with my students
Your school administration	0	0	0
Your district administration	0	0	С
District/state standards for science instruction	0	0	C
District/state-administered tests in science	0	О	C
District/state-administered tests in other subjects (e.g., mathematics, English/Language arts)	0	0	0
School/district pacing guides for science	0	0	О
School/district pacing guides for other subjects (e.g., mathematics, English/Language arts)	0	0	0
Availability of time for science instruction in general	0	0	0
Availability of resources for teaching about Ebola	0	0	С
Student interest in Ebola	0	0	C
Appropriateness of the topic of Ebola for the age group I teach	0	0	0
Parent/guardian beliefs or opinions about Ebola	О	0	О
Other teachers in your school or district	0	0	С
Your knowledge of Ebola	0	0	О
Your knowledge of how to teach about Ebola	O	О	0

15. Of the factors listed below and any others you listed, what was the single most important factor that determined whether you addressed Ebola in this class? Please describe why that factor was so important.

Your school administration

Your district administration

District/state standards for science instruction

District/state-administered tests in science District/state-administered tests in other subjects School/district pacing guides for science

School/district pacing guides for other subjects Availability of time for science instruction in general Availability of resources for teaching about Ebola

Student interest in Ebola

Appropriateness of the topic of Ebola for the age group I

teach

Parent/guardian beliefs or opinions about Ebola

Other teachers in your school or district

Your knowledge of Ebola

Your knowledge of how to teach about Ebola



16. Practical constraints aside, should teachers at your grade level address Ebola *in their science instruction*? (Note: If you teach multiple grades, please answer for the lowest grade level you teach.)

Yes, teachers at my grade level *should* address Ebola, *regardless* of whether it relates to their science curriculum.

Yes, teachers at my grade level *should* address Ebola, *but only* if it directly relates to their science curriculum.

No, teachers at my grade level *should NOT* address Ebola, *regardless* of whether it relates to their science curriculum.

17. To what extent has each of the following been a *source of information* for you about Ebola? (select one on each line)

	Not at All	Minimal	Moderate	To a Great Extent
Local news station (e.g., NBC4), via radio, TV, or Internet	0	С	0	C
National broadcast TV news program (e.g., NBC Nightly News, CBS Nightly News)	О	0	0	0
24 hour TV news (e.g., CNN, MSNBC, FOX, BBC)	0	C	O	C
TV talk show (e.g., the View, Today Show, Daily Show)	0	C	C	C
Radio talk show	0	O	0	C
Online-only sources (e.g., Huffington Post, Yahoo News, AOL)	0	0	C	C
Newspapers, whether print or online (e.g., NY Times, Boston Globe)	0	0	0	0
Popular science magazines (e.g., Scientific American, Discover)	0	O	0	C
Other magazines, whether print or online (e.g., Time, New Yorker)	0	C	0	C
Websites from health organizations (e.g., the Centers for Disease Control, National Institutes of Health)	0	C	C	C
Websites from teacher professional organizations (e.g., National Science Teachers Association, National Association of Biology Teachers)	0	O	0	C
Social media (e.g., Facebook, Twitter)	О	0	О	0

17 (continued). To what extent has each of the following been a *source of information* for you about Ebola? (select one on each line)

Printed publications from federal agencies (e.g., the Centers for Disease Control, National Institutes of Health)	0	0	0	O
Printed publications from international health organizations (e.g., World Health Organization)	О	C	c	О
Printed publications from teacher professional organizations (e.g., National Science Teachers Association, National Association of Biology Teachers)	C	C	C	0
Resources provided by your school district	0	0	0	0
Conversations with health professionals (e.g., nurses, doctors)	C	C	C	О
Conversations with other teachers	0	0	0	0
Conversations with others (i.e., not health professionals or teachers)	О	О	О	С

Respondents who did not address Ebola, skip to Question 19

18. Please rate the *usefulness* of the sources of information about Ebola you explored for *planning your instruction*. (select one on each line)

	Not at All Useful	Minimally Useful	Moderately Useful	Very Useful
Local news station (e.g., NBC4), via radio, TV, or Internet	0	O	0	0
National broadcast TV news program (e.g., NBC Nightly News, CBS Nightly News)	0	0	0	0
24 hour TV news (e.g., CNN, MSNBC, FOX, BBC)	0	0	0	0
TV talk show (e.g., the View, Today Show, Daily Show)	0	0	0	0
Radio talk show	0	0	0	0
Online-only sources (e.g., Huffington Post, Yahoo News, AOL)	0	0	0	0
Newspapers, whether print or online (e.g., NY Times, Boston Globe)	0	0	0	0
Popular science magazines (e.g., Scientific American, Discover)	0	0	0	0
Other magazines, whether print or online (e.g., Time, New Yorker)	0	0	0	0
Websites from health organizations (e.g., the Centers for Disease Control, National Institutes of Health)	0	0	c	0
Websites from teacher professional organizations (e.g., National Science Teachers Association, National Association of Biology Teachers)	c	c	c	0
Social media (e.g., Facebook, Twitter)	0	0	0	0

18 (continued). Please rate the *usefulness* of the sources of information about Ebola you explored for *planning your instruction*. (select one on each line)

Printed publications from federal agencies (e.g., the Centers for Disease Control, National Institutes of Health)	0	0	C	0
Printed publications from international health organizations (e.g., World Health Organization)	0	0	C	0
Printed publications from teacher professional organizations (e.g., National Science Teachers Association, National Association of Biology Teachers)	C	O	0	0
Resources provided by your school district	0	О	0	0
Conversations with health professionals (e.g., nurses, doctors)	С	C	O	О
Conversations with other teachers	0	0	0	0
Conversations with others (i.e., not health professionals or teachers)	0	C	O	С

19. Have you actively searched for information about the Ebola virus? (select one)

0	Yes
0	No, skip to Question 21

Internet search engine (e.g., Google, Bing, Yahoo!) Directly through a news organization that reports the news (newscast, news website, newswires, news radio)	e.g., newspaper, T	V
Through websites that are not specifically news related (e.g. Control, World Health Organization)	, Centers for Disea	se
Social media (e.g., Facebook, Twitter, Instagram)		
Asking friends or colleagues		
Asking health professionals		
Other:		
indergraduate or graduate level? (select one on each line)		
	Yes	
General/introductory biology/life science courses (for example: Biology I, Introduction to Biology)	Yes	No.
		No C

22. Which of the following *national professional organizations* are you currently a member of? (select all that apply)

AACT (American Association of Chemistry Teachers)
AAPT (American Association of Physics Teachers)
ACS (American Chemical Society)
AFT (American Federation of Teachers)
NABT (National Association of Biology Teachers)
NAEYC (National Association for the Education of Young Children)
NEA (National Education Association)
NESTA (National Earth Science Teachers Association)
NCTM (National Council of Teachers of Mathematics)
NSTA (National Science Teachers Association)
Other, please specify:
None of the above

23. Based on your current knowledge, please indicate whether you think each of the following statements about Ebola is *true or false*. Also, please indicate *how confident you are* in your response. (indicate true or false and confidence level on each line)

	Statement		Confidence in Your Response			
	True	False	Not at All Confident	Somewhat Confident	Very Confident	
The Ebola virus is only known to infect mammals, including humans, apes, monkeys and bats.	()	()	()	()	()	
There is currently no vaccine proven safe and effective for preventing the Ebola virus disease in humans.	()	()	()	()	()	
If a person is infected with the Ebola virus, symptoms generally appear within 24 hours.	()	()	()	()	()	
People who die from the Ebola virus disease typically die as a result of blood loss.	()	()	()	()	()	
The Ebola virus is transmitted to humans by only certain mammals, including other humans, bats, apes, and monkeys.	()	()	()	()	()	
Anyone who is infected with the Ebola virus will develop the Ebola virus disease.	()	()	()	()	()	
Anyone infected with Ebola will die as a result.	()	()	()	()	()	
Without specific laboratory tests, diagnosing a person in the early stages of the Ebola virus disease is difficult because the symptoms are similar to other diseases, such as flu, malaria, and typhoid fever.	()	()	()	()	()	
There is currently no Ebola drug available for treating people infected with the Ebola virus.	()	()	()	()	()	
Providing Ebola patients with intravenous (IV) fluids and balancing their electrolytes (body salts) can improve their chances of survival.	()	()	()	()	()	
The Ebola virus is typically transmitted from one human to another by some insects, including mosquitos.	()	()	()	()	()	
The Ebola virus can be spread through direct contact with blood or other bodily fluids of a person who is sick with the Ebola virus disease.	()	()	()	()	()	
The Ebola virus is likely to spread from one person to others through the air.	()	()	()	()	()	

23 (continued). Based on your current knowledge, please indicate whether you think each of the following statements about Ebola is *true or false*. Also, please indicate *how confident you are* in your response. (indicate true or false and confidence level on each line)

The Ebola virus is likely to spread from one person to others through water.	()	()	()	()	()
Most people infected in an Ebola outbreak are infected by human-to-human transmission.	()	()	()	()	()
People infected with the Ebola virus are unable to transmit it to someone else until they show symptoms (fever, fatigue, etc.).	()	()	()	()	()
If put on and taken off properly, protective garments such as gloves, gowns, and masks can be effective at preventing Ebola transmission.	()	()	()	()	()
The risk of getting the Ebola virus disease is high when someone goes to a place where people have had Ebola, even if no one with the disease is still there.	()	()	()	()	()
Health care procedures in the United States make a widespread Ebola outbreak unlikely.	()	()	()	()	()
Controlling Ebola outbreaks where they start (in Africa, for example) is an important step in preventing infections from occurring in the United States.	()	()	()	()	()

Thank You!